National Transportation Safety Board Washington, DC 20594

Brief of Accident

Adopted 02/15/2001

ANC98LA018 File No. 275	01/30/1998	PORT HEIDEN, AK	Aircraft Reg No. N9316F		Time (Local): 17:00 AST	
Engine Make/Mode Aircraft Damage Number of Engine Operating Certificate(s Name of Carrie	e: Destroyed s: 1): Commuter Air Carrier; r: PENINSULA AIRWAY3 n: Non-scheduled; Domes	S, INC. stic; Cargo	Crew Pass	Fatal 0 0	Serious 0 0	Minor/None 1 0
Destination	PORT HEIDEN , AK CHIGNIK , AK Off Airport/Airstrip		Condition of Light: Day Weather Info Src: Pilot Basic Weather: Visual Conditions Lowest Ceiling: 1500 Ft. AGL, Overcast Visibility: 3.00 SM Wind Dir/Speed: 260 / 006 Kts Temperature (°C): -7 Obstr to Vision: Precipitation: Freezing Rain			
Pilot-in-Command Age	e: 47			Flight Ti	me (Hours)	
Certificate(s)/Rating(s)			Total All Aircraft: 15000			

Airline Transport; Commercial; Multi-engine Land; Multi-engine Sea; Single-engine Land Instrument Ratings

Airplane

Total Make/Model: 4500 Total Instrument Time: 1600

The pilot departed in visual meteorological conditions of three to four miles visibility with high ceilings. He stated the airplane encountered freezing rain about five miles south of the airport while in cruise flight at 1,200 feet msl, and rapidly accumulated ice on the airframe, wings, and windshield. The pilot said he initially changed altitude in an attempt to exit the icing conditions. Ice accumulation continued, so he elected to return. While maneuvering to land at the airport, the airplane was unable to maintain altitude at full engine power. He said that any angle of bank resulted in the onset of prestall buffet, so he decided to land on a frozen lake south of the airport. He said that the airplane did not reach the lake, 'mushed into the ground,' and during the flare/touchdown, the left wing stalled. The pilot did not have access to the official weather prior to departure. The National Weather Service contracted observer, made his observation from a location about five miles south of the official weather station at the airport. The FAA AWOS-3 was inoperative. Examination of the airplane after the accident revealed a 1/2 inch layer of clear ice covering all the upper and lower airfoil surfaces of the airplane, from leading edges to between 1/3 and 1/2 of the chords. All antennas were coated with approximately 1/2 inch of clear ice. The airplane was not equipped with ice protection equipment except for pitot heat and windshield heat.

Last 90 Davs: 226

Brief of Accident (Continued)

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File No. 275 01/30/1998 PORT HEIDEN, AK Aircraft Reg No. N9316F Time (Local): 17:00 AST

Occurrence #1: IN FLIGHT ENCOUNTER WITH WEATHER

Phase of Operation: CLIMB - TO CRUISE

Findings

1. (F) WEATHER CONDITION - ICING CONDITIONS

- 2. (C) IN-FLIGHT PLANNING/DECISION INADEQUATE PILOT IN COMMAND
- 3. WEATHER CONDITION FREEZING RAIN

4. AIRFRAME - ICE

Occurrence #2: LOSS OF CONTROL - IN FLIGHT Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY DESCENT/LANDING

Findings

- 5. AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE DETERIORATED
- 6. (C) AIRSPEED INADEQUATE PILOT IN COMMAND
- 7. (C) STALL/MUSH INADVERTENT PILOT IN COMMAND

Occurrence #3: IN FLIGHT COLLISION WITH TERRAIN/WATER

Phase of Operation: EMERGENCY LANDING

Findings

8. TERRAIN CONDITION - TUNDRA

Findings Legend: (C) = Cause, (F) = Factor

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident as follows.

The pilot's inadequate in-flight decision resulting in airframe ice accumulation to the extent that degraded aircraft performance and insufficient airspeed occurred followed by a stall. Contributing factors were freezing rain and icing conditions.